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Effect of dispersion on convective mixing in porous media¹ BAOLE WEN, MARC HESSE, University of Texas at Austin, GEOLOGICAL POROUS MEDIA GROUP TEAM — We investigate the effect of dispersion on convection in porous media by performing direct numerical simulations (DNS) in a 2D Rayleigh-Darcy domain. Scaling analysis of the governing equations shows that the dynamics of this system is not only controlled by the classical Rayleigh-Darcy number based on molecular diffusion, Ra_m , and the domain aspect ratio, but also controlled by two other dimensionless parameters: the dispersive Rayleigh number $Ra_d = H/\alpha_t$ and the dispersivity ratio $r = \alpha_l / \alpha_t$, where H is the domain height, α_t and α_l are the transverse and longitudinal dispersivities, respectively. For $Ra_m \ll Ra_d$, the effect of dispersion on convection is negligible; for $Ra_m \gg Ra_d$, however, the flow pattern is determined by Ra_d while the mass transport flux $F \sim Ra_m$ at high- Ra_m regime. Our DNS results also show that the increase of the mechanical dispersion (i.e. decreasing Ra_d) will broaden the plume spacing and coarsen the convective pattern. Moreover, for $r \gg 1$ the anisotropy of dispersion destroys the slender columnar structure of the primary plumes at large Ra_m and therefore reduces the mass transport rate.

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