

Abstract Submitted
for the DFD17 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Deep learning of unsteady laminar flow over a cylinder¹ SANGSEUNG LEE, DONGHYUN YOU, Pohang University of Science and Technology — Unsteady flow over a circular cylinder is reconstructed using deep learning with a particular emphasis on elucidating the potential of learning the solution of the Navier-Stokes equations. A deep neural network (DNN) is employed for deep learning, while numerical simulations are conducted to produce training database. Instantaneous and mean flow fields which are reconstructed by deep learning are compared with the simulation results. Fourier transform of flow variables has been conducted to validate the ability of DNN to capture both amplitudes and frequencies of flow motions. Basis decomposition of learned flow is performed to understand the underlying mechanisms of learning flow through DNN. The present study suggests that a deep learning technique can be utilized for reconstruction and, potentially, for prediction of fluid flow instead of solving the Navier-Stokes equations.

¹This work was supported by the National Research Foundation of Korea(NRF) grant funded by the Korea government(Ministry of Science, ICT and Future Planning) (No. 2014R1A2A1A11049599, No. 2015R1A2A1A15056086, No. 2016R1E1A2A01939553).

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Date submitted: 31 Jul 2017

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