Slug Flow Prediction for Subsea Applications Using Dynamic Anisotropic Mesh Optimisation with Tetrahedral Control-Volume Finite Elements\textsuperscript{1} CLAIRE HEANEY, LYES KAHOUDJI, LLUIS VIA-ESTREM, ASIRI OBEYSEKARA, PABLO SALINAS, CHRISTOPHER PAIN, OMAR MATAR, Imperial College London — We present a three-dimensional Direct Numerical Simulation of two-phase air-water flow inside complex pipe configurations with very large aspect ratios (Length/Diameter >100) for subsea applications. We focus on the challenging slug flow regimes using a dynamically unstructured mesh, which can modify and adapt to the complex air-water interface in order to represent optimally these flows minimising the use of computational resources. The numerical framework consists of a mixed control-volume and finite-element formulation, and a volume-of-fluid method for the interface-capturing based on a compressive control-volume advection method. The resulting slug length and frequency are compared with experimental data for horizontal pipes.

\textsuperscript{1}Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council UK (MUFFINS grant EP/P033180/1), PETRONAS, Royal Academy of Engineering Research Chair for OKM

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Date submitted: 30 Jul 2019

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