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Free-Fall Estimates for Rapidly Rotating Heat and Momentum Transport<sup>1</sup> JONATHAN AURNOU, UCLA, SUSANNE HORN, Coventry University, KEITH JULIEN, CU Boulder — Dimensional analysis is employed here to provide free-fall scaling estimates for the convective heat and momentum transport in the limit of rapid rotation, and to relate these to scalings for non-rotating Rayleigh-Bénard convection (RBC) systems. Our analysis shows that the scalings for free-fall dominated heat (Nusselt number, Nu) and momentum transfer (Reynolds number, Re) of rapidly rotating convection differ from their non-rotating RBC counterparts by a factor of  $Ro_{ff}^2$ , where  $Ro_{ff} = \tau_{\Omega}/\tau_{ff}$  is the free-fall Rossby number defined as the ratio of the characteristic rotation time  $\tau_{\Omega}$  and the buoyant free-fall time  $\tau_{ff}$ . Since  $Ro_{ff} \ll 1$  in the rapidly rotating limit, our predicted rapidly rotating, free-fall transport rates remain far below the associated rates in non-rotating systems.

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