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Stability response of liquid bridges to maximum volume asymmetric perturbations TEJASWI SOORI, LIGE ZHANG, ARIF ROKONI, YING SUN, Drexel University — The stability response of a bounded axisymmetric liquid bridge to maximum volume asymmetric perturbations is investigated using theory and experiments. Based on stability theory, a liquid bridge undergoes maximum volume asymmetric instability when the contact angle reaches  $180^{\circ}$ , for all radial Bond numbers  $Bo_R = \Delta \rho g R^2 / \gamma$ , where  $\Delta \rho$  is the density difference between the bridge liquid and ambient fluid, g the acceleration due to gravity, R the bridge radius, and  $\gamma$  the liquid surface tension. The Young–Laplace equation is solved to estimate the maximum stable volume before rotund drop instability occurs for radial Bond numbers in the range  $0.1 < Bo_R < 5$ . Experiments are performed using water on surfaces with identical chemical signatures on both top and bottom substrates. A needle connected to the bottom substrate is used to increase the bridge volume in small increments to reduce surface waves. The maximum volume theoretical limit of  $V_{max} = (2/3)^{1/3} Bo^{-2/3}$  is compared with experiments. Deviations in contact angle and volume are explained by comparing experiments with numerical results.

> Tejaswi Soori Drexel University

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