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Centrality, \mathbf{p}_T and particle-type dependence of azimuthal anisotropy in Au+Au collisions at RHIC YAN LU¹, LBNL/IOPP — Anisotropy parameters (v₁, v₂, v₄, etc...) carry information about interactions at early times in high-energy nuclear collisions. The systematic studies of azimuthal anisotropy may shed light on the relevant initial conditions, the degree of thermalization of the system, the equation of state, and the relevant degrees-of-freedom at the time that the momentum space anisotropy is established. In this talk, I present STAR measurements of identified particle v₂ and v₄ from low \mathbf{p}_T to high \mathbf{p}_T and as a function of collision centrality. These measurements will provide the most complete investigation of hadron-mass ordering, quark-number scaling and particle-type dependencies at very high momentum. Two important consequences indicated from the observation: (i) 'collective flow' has developed prior to hadronization – partonic collectivity at RHIC; (ii) partons are flowing in a volume that is much bigger than that of nucleons prior to hadronization.

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