

Abstract Submitted
for the DNP06 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Transverse Quark Spin Effects in Azimuthal Asymmetries in SIDIS and Drell Yan LEONARD GAMBERG, Penn State Berks — The connection between quark orbital angular momentum and final state interaction for transversely polarized quarks in unpolarized hadrons suggests significant $\cos 2\phi$ azimuthal asymmetries in pion production in semi-inclusive deep inelastic scattering (SIDIS) ($e p \rightarrow e' X \pi$) and in di-lepton production in Drell Yan ($p \bar{p} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$) scattering. When transverse momentum of the reaction, P_T is on the order of or less than Λ_{qcd} , that is where $P_T \sim k_T$, where k_T is intrinsic transverse quark momentum, these effects are characterized in term of naive time reversal odd (so called T -odd) transverse momentum dependent (TMD) parton distribution and fragmentation functions. At these moderate transverse momentum scales we estimate the size of the $\cos 2\phi$ azimuthal asymmetry in SIDIS and Drell Yan scattering in the parton spectator framework. In the former case we consider this so called “Boer-Mulders” effect for a proposed experiment at the upgraded CLAS-12 GeV detector at Jefferson LAB. In the latter case we consider this asymmetry for proton anti-proton experiments.

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Date submitted: 01 Jul 2006

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