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Properties of States in the $g9/2$ Shell that are Eigenstates of all Interactions LARRY ZAMICK, Rutgers University, PIETER VAN ISACKER — In the $(g9/2)^4$ configuration there are special states with angular momenta $I=4$ and $I=6$ which have seniority $v=4$ and which are eigenstates of all interactions, seniority conserving or not. The energy of, say, the $I=4$ special state can be expressed as $\sum X(J) E(J)$ where $E(J)$ are the 2 particle matrix elements. The quantity $X(J)$ can be interpreted as the number of pairs with angular momentum J in the $I=4$ $v=4$ special state. A striking property is that $X(4)$ is one. We attempt to prove this and find that in order for this to be true a coefficient of fractional parentage $[(j^4)I=4 v=4 \rightarrow (j^5)j v=5]$ has to vanish. It does indeed vanish but a proof of why is lacking. (A similar story holds for $I=6$). There are strong $E2$ transition matrix elements between the $I=6$ $v=4$ and $I=4$ $v=4$ special states. For states of the $(f7/2)^4$ configuration with $I=2$ $v=4$ $X(2)$ is also equal to one and this can be proved (likewise $X(4)=1$ for $I=4$ $v=4$). The energy of these states can be derived i.e. all the $X(J)$ can be determined from solvable interactions and the condition that $X(I)=1$ for the $v=4$ states.

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