

Abstract Submitted
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Ratio of Isoscalar to Isovector Core Polarization Contributions to Magnetic Moments SHADOW ROBINSON, Millsaps College, LARRY ZAMICK, YITZHAK SHARON, Rutgers University — We found that large scale calculations of isoscalar magnetic moments of odd-odd $N=Z$ nuclei yielded results remarkably similar to those of simple single j calculations. To understand why we use a delta interaction times $(1+xP_s)$ where P_s is the spin exchange operator, to calculate the ratio IS/IV of the core polarization contributions to the magnetic moments. The spin exchange contributes a factor $(1-2x)$ to this ratio. A popular choice is $x=1/3$ for which $(1-2x)$ is also $1/3$. Another contribution comes from the fact that the coupling of $j=l+1/2$ to $j'=l-1/2$ via the magnetic moment operator is proportional to (g_s-g_l) . The IS values are $g_l=0.5$ $g_s=0.88$; the IV values are 0.5 and 4.71. This yields a (g_s-g_l) ratio of 0.09 which together with the $1/3$ from spin exchange tells us that the isoscalar core polarization is a mere 3% of isovector. If we further divide by single j values to get effective charge corrections then the ratio IS/IV ends up being 0.06 (or 6%). We thus gain understanding of the results in ref [1] of the near equality of large scale and single j results for IS moments.

[1] S.Yeager, S.J.Q. Robinson, L.Zamick and Y.Y.Sharon, EPL 88, 52001 (2009)

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