Abstract Submitted for the DNP10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Shell model calculations of double-beta decay lifetimes of 76 Ge and 82 Se¹ SABIN STOICA, ANDREI NEACSU, Horia Hulubei National Institute for Physics and Nuclear Engineering, P.O. Box MG-6, 077125 Magurele-Bucharest, Romania, MIHAI HOROI, Department of Physics, Central Michigan University, Mount Pleasant, Michigan 48859 — The neutrinoless double beta decay is the most sensitive process to determine the absolute scale of the neutrino masses, and the only one that can distinguish whether neutrino is a Dirac or a Majorana particle. A key ingredient for extracting the absolute neutrino masses from neutrinoless double beta decay is the not show experiments is a precise knowledge of the nuclear matrix elements (NME) for this process. A newly developed shell model approaches for computing the NME and half-lifes for the two-neutrino and neutrinoless double beta decay modes of 48 Ca using modern effective interactions will be presented. The implications of the new results on the experimental limits of the effective neutrino mass will be discussed, and compared with those obtained for the 76 Ge and 82 Se decays.

¹M.H. acknowledges support from NSF grant PHY-0758099.

Mihai Horoi Department of Physics, Central Michigan University, Mount Pleasant, MI 48859

Date submitted: 18 Jun 2010

Electronic form version 1.4