Abstract Submitted for the DNP10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Triples Counting and Three-Nucleon Forces in Light Nuclei¹ ROBERT B. WIRINGA, STEVEN C. PIEPER, IVAN BRIDA, Argonne National Laboratory — We report Green's function Monte Carlo studies of three-nucleon forces (3NF) in light nuclei. The 3NF components studied include the two-pion s-wave and p-wave terms (both anticommutator and commutator pieces) and one-pion/short- and short-/short-range phenomenological terms. (In chiral effective field theories, these correspond to the c_1 , c_3 , c_4 , c_D , and c_E terms, respectively.) Their contributions to the energy of light ($A \leq 10$) nuclei is broken down by total spin S and isospin T = 1/2 or 3/2 and both the uncorrelated and correlated distributions of these triples are counted. We also study the energy dependence on the short-range cutoffs of the 3NF component functions and examine various projections to isolate specific contributions of 3NF to halo nuclei.

¹Research supported by the DOE Office of Nuclear Physics under contract DE-AC02-06CH11357 and under SciDAC grant DE-FC02-07ER41457.

Robert B. Wiringa Argonne National Laboratory

Date submitted: 30 Jun 2010 Electronic form version 1.4