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Abstract for an Invited Paper for the DNP17 Meeting of the American Physical Society

The use of machine learning (ML) has become ubiquitous at the LHCb experiment, producing sizable improvements in physics performance. I will discuss the use of ML in the real-time analysis/trigger system, including for event classification and reconstruction. I will also discuss the use of ML for particle identification, offline candidate selection, etc. A critical aspect of the use of ML at LHCb involves performing data-driven calibration/validation of the response of each algorithm, which will be discussed in the context of several examples.

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