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Experimental Determination of the Free Neutron F_2 at Large Bjorken-x: The BONuS12 Proton Recoil Detector¹ SOORIYAARACHCHILAGE NADEESHANI, Hampton University, CLAS COLLABORATION — While the proton F_2 structure function has been studied extensively through inelastic electron-proton scattering, much less is known about neutron structure due to the unavailability of high density, free neutron targets. The BONuS12 experiment was proposed to measure the neutron F_2 on a nearly free neutron within a weakly bound deuteron target via the spectator tagging method. Tagging the slow backward moving spectator protons minimizes both off-shell and final-state interaction effects with the measured proton momentum used to correct for the initial-state momentum of the struck neutron. The recoil detector will be used to detect spectator protons with momenta $70 < P_s < 150 \text{ MeV/c}$ and the CEBAF Large Acceptance Spectrometer (CLAS12) to detect the scattered electrons. In this talk, I will present the design and construction of the recoil detector (RTPC), which was lead by Hampton University.

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