## Abstract Submitted for the DNP19 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Measurement of the  ${}^{18}\text{Ne}(\alpha,\mathbf{p}){}^{21}\text{Na}$  reaction with ANASEN between 2 and 4 MeV in the center of mass<sup>1</sup> MARIA ANASTASIOU, INGO WIEDENHOEVER, LAGY T BABY, Florida State University, NABIN RIJAL, National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory, JOHN J PARKER IV, Florida State University, JEFFERY C BLACKMON, CATHERINE M DEIBEL, ASH-LEY A HOOD, JON C LIGHTHALL, KEVIN T MACON, Louisiana State University, DANIEL SANTIAGO-GONZALEZ, Argonne National Laboratory, YEV-GEN KOSHCHIY, GRIGORY V ROGACHEV, Texas AM University — The  $^{18}$ Ne( $\alpha$ ,p) $^{21}$ Na reaction is one of the reactions providing a pathway for breakout from the hot CNO cycles to the rp-process in Type I X-ray bursts. The actual conditions under which the breakout occurs depend critically on the thermonuclear reaction rate. This rate has not yet been sufficiently determined under X-ray burst conditions. We study the direct  ${}^{18}\text{Ne}(\alpha,p)^{21}\text{Na}$  reaction with the Array for Nuclear Astrophysics and Structure with Exotic Nuclei (ANASEN), using a helium gas target and an <sup>18</sup>Ne radioactive beam from RESOLUT facility at the FSU accelerator lab. The results are consistent with the time-reverse measurements [1] and provide a total cross section between 2 and 4 MeV in the center of mass. [1] Salter et al., Measurement of the  $^{18}Ne(\alpha, p_0)^{21}Na$  Reaction Cross Section in the Burning Energy Region for X-Ray Bursts, Phys.Rev.Lett. 108 (242701), 2012

<sup>1</sup>Supported by the US NSF MRI program Grant no. PHY-0820941, NSF Grant no. PHY-1712953.

Maria Anastasiou Florida State University

Date submitted: 24 Jul 2019 Electronic form version 1.4