## Abstract Submitted for the DNP20 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Time Dependence of Angular Alignment in Heavy Ion Collisions<sup>1</sup> BRYAN HARVEY, MIKE YOUNGS, ALAN B MCINTSOSH, ANDREA JEDELE, AUSTIN ABBOTT, JEROME GAUTHIER, KRIS HAGEL, ANDREW HAN-NAMEN, YIU-WING LUI, LAUREN A MCINTOSH, ALIS RODRIGUEZ MANSO, MAXWELL SORENSEN, ZACHARY TOBIN, ROY WADA, ANDREW ZARELLA, SHERRY J YENNELLO, Texas AM University Cyclotron Institute, KELLY KRIEBLE, Moravian College Physics and Earth Science Department — This study provides theoretical input regarding the time dependency of the angular alignment,  $\alpha$ , an angle used to assess the amount of rotation of a projectile-like fragment (PLF\*) after separating from a target nucleus. A set of Constrained Molecular Dynamics (CoMD) simulations of <sup>70</sup>Zn+<sup>70</sup>Zn nuclear collisions with collision energies of 35 and 45 MeV/nucleon was used to study this correlation. An algorithm is proposed which searches through CoMD events and identifies the excited PLF\* after it separates from the target and determines its lifetime,  $\Delta t$ . It also determines the alignment angle  $\alpha$ , of the PLF<sup>\*</sup>. The dynamic yield is extracted, and its evolution with PLF<sup>\*</sup> lifetime is studied. The correlation of the average alignment angle in the dynamic contribution,  $\langle \alpha \rangle_{dyn}$ , is approximately linearly correlated with PLF\* lifetime with  $d \langle \alpha \rangle_{dyn} / d\Delta t = 2.0 \pm 0.2$  rad/zs for both collision energies studied, consistent with values utilized in prior experiment

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