Abstract Submitted for the DPP05 Meeting of The American Physical Society

New Developments in Trapped Electron Mode Turbulence<sup>1</sup> D.R. ERNST, K. ZELLER, N. BASSE, L. LIN, M. PORKOLAB<sup>2</sup>, W. DORLAND, Univ. Maryland, A. LONG, Cornell University — The onset of TEM turbulence is believed to limit density gradients in Alcator C-Mod internal transport barriers.<sup>1</sup> We have recently modified GS2 to make direct comparisons with phase contrast imaging measurements of density fluctuations in the ITB.<sup>2</sup> Further, the TEM critical density gradient is nonlinearly upshifted,<sup>1</sup> analogous to the Dimits shift for ITG turbulence.<sup>3</sup> In the ITG case, ion-ion collisions reduced the upshift by damping zonal flows.<sup>4</sup> In contrast, this new TEM nonlinear upshift persists in the presence of realistic ion-ion and electron-ion collisions, and increases with collisionality.<sup>5</sup> Quasi-periodic bursts arise near threshold, with a period dependent on the relative primary growth and zonal flow damping rates. Nonlinear simulations of this regime confirm the role of zonal flows. <sup>1</sup>D. R. Ernst et al., Phys. Plasmas 11 (2004) 2637. <sup>2</sup>D. R. Ernst et al., 2004 IAEA Fusion Energy Conference, paper IAEA-CN116/TH/4-1, http://wwwnaweb.iaea.org/napc/physics/fec/fec2004/datasets/TH 4-1.html, and A. Long et al., this conference. <sup>3</sup>A. M. Dimits et al., Phys. Plasmas 7(3)(2000) 969. <sup>4</sup>Z. Lin et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 7(5) (2000) 1857. <sup>5</sup>D.R. Ernst, K. Zeller, and W. Dorland, 2005 Sherwood Int'l Fusion Theory Conference, P3-33.

<sup>1</sup>Supp. by DoE theory grant DE-FG02-91ER-54109 <sup>2</sup>Massachusetts Institute of Technology

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Date submitted: 24 Aug 2005

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