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Measurements of the non-uniformities seeded by NIF ignition capsule ablator materials¹ P.M. CELLIERS, D.J. ERSKINE, S.T. PRISBREY, D.G. BRAUN, J.B. RICHARDS, C.M. SORCE, G.W. COLLINS, R.J. WALLACE, O.L. LANDEN, LLNL, A. NIKROO, General Atomics — Current NIF ignition target designs contain the DT fuel inside spherical capsules made of either Cu-doped Be or high density C (HDC). Both candidate materials are polycrystalline, and are expected to respond anisotropically to the initial compression wave of the NIF compression sequence. Estimates of the amplitudes of the non-uniformities seeded by each type of ablator suggest that these capsules should remain stable during the subsequent implosion; however, experiments are needed to verify these estimates. We describe experiments designed to measure shock front perturbations induced by the microscopic polycrystalline non-uniformities of these two ablator materials. The measurement method employs a time-resolved two-dimensional imaging VISAR illuminated by a 2 ps laser pulse, which captures spatial variations in the velocity across the shock front transmitted through the ablator. The measurement is carried out over an 800 μ m field of view with relative velocity sensitivity $\Delta V/V \sim 10^{-4}$, and over perturbation wavelengths in the range from 3-4 μ m to 50 μ m.

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P.M. Celliers LLNL

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