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Radiation Pressure Acceleration by Circularly Polarized Pulses: Three-Dimensional Dynamics and Angular Momentum Absorption T.V. LISEYKINA¹, D. BAUER, Max Planck Institute for Nuclear Physics, Saupfercheckweg 1, 69117 Heidelberg, Germany, A. MACCHI, polyLAB, CNR/INFM, Pisa, Italy, F. PEGORARO, University of Pisa — Radiation Pressure Acceleration of thin plasma targets by Circularly Polarized laser pulses is studied by three-dimensional particle-in-cell simulations. The use of flat-top intensity profiles is found to be important to avoid self-induced transparency and to reach high ion energies. A significant degree of absorption of the angular momentum of the laser pulse is observed, giving a signature of irreversible, non-adiabatic effects during the acceleration process.

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