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A Computational Study of X-ray Emissions from Laser-Irradiated Under-dense High-Z X-ray Sources¹ JEFFREY COLVIN, MARK MAY, KEVIN FOURNIER, STEPHEN MOON, HOWARD SCOTT, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory — We generate x-rays from plasmas that are not in local thermodynamic equilibrium (LTE). We first discuss simulations of the x-ray spectral emissions from laser-irradiated very low-density Ge-doped aerogel targets using a 2D radiation-hydrodynamics code incorporating a modern Detailed Configuration Accounting atomic model in non-LTE. We present the details of the computational model and show that, for the $\sim 2 \text{ keV}$ long-scale-length sub-critical-density plasmas created in experiments at the Omega laser facility, the simulations get both the measured Ge L-shell emission (\sim 1-1.5 keV) and the measured Ge K-shell emission $(\sim 10-11 \text{ keV})$ about right, but only by properly accounting for non-local thermal conduction. The older average-atom atomic model is shown to be inadequate for these non-LTE plasmas. We then use the preferred model in the design of largerscale experiments planned for the National Ignition Facility, in which we will use 350 kJ of laser beam energy to heat a mixture of Ar and Xe gas to peak temperatures > 5 keV. We predict 20% x-ray conversion efficiency into Ar K-shell and Xe L-shell emission.

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