## Abstract Submitted for the DPP10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Gyrokinetic analysis of tearing modes in a collisionless plasma ADINARAYAN K SUNDARAM, 917 Shenandoah Way, Greenwood, IN, ABHIJIT SEN, Institute for Plasma Research, Bhat, India — The linear and nonlinear dynamics of tearing instabilities in a collisionless plasma are investigated analytically using a gyrokinetic description. The effects of Landau and  $\nabla B$  resonances on the linear characteristics of  $\Delta'$ -driven tearing modes are discussed by including short wavelength variations across the confining magnetic field and long wavelength variations along the field. For a simple case when electrons are adiabatic and ions are fluid-like, the solutions of dispersion relations are obtained for modewidths,  $x_w$ , lying between electron and ion excursion lengths, namely,  $X_{e,i}$ , where  $X_{e,i} = \omega L_s / (k_v v_{e,i})$ ,  $k_y$  is the wavenumber,  $L_s$  is the magnetic shear length, and  $v_{e,i}$  represent electron and ion thermal speeds. It is shown that electron Landau damping effect can drive the tearing mode unstable with growth rate proportional to  $(\Delta')^{1/2}$ . For this mode, it is further shown that the effects of compressional mode coupling and finite Larmor radius can combine to have a slightly stabilizing effect. In another physical situation, it is demonstrated that the electron  $\nabla B$  resonance effect can significantly destabilize the gyrokinetic tearing mode with growth rates varying as fractional powers of  $\Delta'$ and  $k_{y}$ . The nonlinear implications of these effects are investigated by deriving an appropriate Rutherford equation for the magnetic island evolution.

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