Abstract Submitted for the DPP11 Meeting of The American Physical Society

The transition from compressional Alfvén waves to whistlerlike propagation in tokamaks¹ T.E. WHITTLE, Vanderbilt University, R.I. PINSKER, R. PRATER, General Atomics — In a cold magnetized plasma, the compressional Alfvén wave ($\omega \ll \Omega_i$) smoothly transitions to the fast wave at frequencies above $\omega = \Omega_i$ and connects to the whistler wave at higher frequencies. The accompanying changes in wave dispersion have important consequences for the propagation and damping of these modes in tokamak equilibria [1]. A theoretical model for this transition is being developed based on the full cold plasma dispersion relation. We study the effect of whistler-wave-like propagation in DIII-D equilibria with analytic models as well as the GENRAY ray tracing code. As the whistler-like regime is approached, the n_{\parallel} upshift effect can have a decisive effect on the first-pass absorption in DIII-D cases, significantly enhancing damping on electrons beyond the level expected from simple theory.

[1] R.I. Pinsker, et al., Nucl. Fusion 46, S416 (2006).

¹Work by US DOE under DE-FC02-04ER54698 and the National Undergraduate Fellowship Program in Plasma Physics and Fusion Energy Sciences.

T.E. Whittle Vanderbilt University

Date submitted: 25 Jul 2011

Electronic form version 1.4