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Both Twins Traveling Paradox FLORENTIN SMARANDACHE, University of New Mexico — Two twins T_1 and T_2 synchronize their clocks at the same location L, then both of them leave with the same uniform high speed v and on the same large distance d on opposite linear directions to the locations A and respectively B (of course LA = LB = d) on that planet. Each twin sees the other twin moving away from him with the relativistic speed 2v, so each twin considers the other twin younger than him. The time dilation is the same in both twins' inertial reference frames. Here it is a forth symmetry. They stop there at A and respectively at B. Afterwards, the twin T_1 from A travels on a linear route back to B (passing through L) at a uniform high speed 2v. Again, each twin sees the other twin traveling towards him with a speed 2v. And again each twin considers the other twin being younger than him, since there is the same time dilation and same space contraction. Again one has a back symmetry. But, when the twin T_1 from A gets to B, he finds out that he is younger than the twin T_2 in B since he has traveled more that T_2 .

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