Abstract Submitted for the DPP12 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Resolving Microstructures in Z Pinches with Intensity Interferometry¹ J.P. APRUZESE², J.L. GIULIANI, J.W. THORNHILL, Naval Research Laboratory, Y. MARON, E. KROUPP, Weizmann Institute — Nearly 60 years ago, Hanbury Brown and Twiss³ succeeded in measuring the 30 nanoradian angular diameter of Sirius using a new type of interferometry that exploited the interference of different photons emitted from opposite sides of the stellar disk. Its basis was the measurement of intensity correlations as a function of detector spacing, with no beam splitting or direct collection of phase information needed. Applied to Z pinches, X pinches, or laser-produced plasmas, this method could potentially yield spatial resolution well under one micron, using photon energies ranging from visible to x-ray. We consider the advantages, disadvantages, and possible complications in applying intensity interferometry to the pinch environment. Preliminary experimental designs are considered.

¹Work supported by U. S. Department of Energy, National Nuclear Security Administration.

J. P. Apruzese Naval Research Laboratory

Date submitted: 24 Jul 2012 Electronic form version 1.4

²Consultant to NRL through L3 Communications, Chantilly, VA 20151

³R. Hanbury Brown and R. Twiss, Nature <u>178</u>, 1046 (1956).