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**Time-Resolved X-Ray Brightness Measurements from Short-Pulse, Laser-Irradiated Thin Foils** B. EICHMAN, W. THEOBALD, C. STOECKL, C. MILEHAM, T.C. SANGSTER, Laboratory for Laser Energetics and Fusion Science Center, U. of Rochester — The production of soft x rays ( $\sim$ keV) from high-intensity, short-pulse laser plasmas is important for future applications such as backlighting cryogenic targets on OMEGA. The physics of short-pulse laser-plasma interactions and the coupling of laser energy into both the thermal plasma and fast electrons were studied to optimize x-ray production from mass-limited aluminum foil targets. Foil targets of various sizes from 50 to 500  $\mu$ m were irradiated with picosecond pulse duration laser pulses at intensities similar to OMEGA area backlighter schemes ( $10^{18}$  to  $>10^{19}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>). The time-resolved x-ray emission was measured with a conically curved crystal coupled with an ultrafast x-ray streak camera. The He $_{\alpha}$  and the Ly $_{\alpha}$  line emission from aluminum foils was spectrally measured and temporally resolved. In addition, the x-ray source was characterized with a calibrated time-integrated spectrograph and spatially resolved images were taken with a spherically curved Bragg crystal. The combination of these measurements allows the brilliance of the x-ray line source to be inferred. This work was supported by the U.S. Department of Energy Office of Inertial Confinement Fusion under Cooperative Agreement No. DE-FC52-08NA28302.

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