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PIC Simulations of Stimulated Raman Scattering Due to Interacting Laser Speckles<sup>1</sup> W.B. MORI, B.J. WINJUM, F.S. TSUNG, (UCLA) — The laser beams in inertial confinement fusion experiments consist of a distribution of high-intensity speckles, a percentage of which are above-threshold for stimulated Raman scattering (SRS). SRS can also be driven in below-threshold speckles due to inter-speckle interactions via waves and particles. We present 2D PIC simulations with the code OSIRIS showing conditions for which scattered light waves, plasma waves, and hot electrons generated in above-threshold speckles drive SRS in neighboring, below-threshold speckles. Through tailored two-speckle simulations in which we control the relative placement and polarizations of the speckles, we isolate interspeckle SRS driven by each of these three intermediary elements. Scattered light is the most efficient mechanism for inter-speckle SRS, though all three can stimulate SRS in below-threshold speckles. We also present simulations of multi-speckle ensembles illustrating differences in plasma wave activity and reflectivity levels when the polarizations are not all uniform, limiting interactions via scattered light.

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