

Abstract Submitted  
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**Spectral and radiative characterization of multi-keV X-ray sources** M.A. BARRIOS, LLNL, R. EPSTEIN, LLE, K.B. FOURNIER, LLNL, S.P. REGAN, LLE, M. MAY, K. WIDMANN, O. LANDEN, H.S. PARK, B.R. MADDOX, C. HUNTINGTON, D. BRADLEY, H.A. SCOTT, G.W. COLLINS, LLNL — K-shell emission line sources were generated using laser-irradiated targets for various high-Z materials including Zn ( $Z=30$ ), Ge ( $Z=32$ ), Br ( $Z=35$ ), Rb ( $Z=37$ ), Zr ( $Z=40$ ), Mo ( $Z=42$ ) and Ag ( $Z=47$ ). The plasma x-ray emission was spectrally characterized using temporally resolved and time-integrated x-ray spectrometers, providing absolute x-ray fluence and time-integrated K-shell emission brightness. Targets were driven with up to 60 kJ of  $3\omega$  laser light leading to irradiance on target ranging from  $(0.5 \text{ to } 18) \times 10^{15} \text{ W/cm}^2$ . The He-like resonance  $1s^2-1s2p(1P)$  and intercombination  $1s^2-1s2p(3P)$  and satellite transitions dominated the spectrum for all the elements except Ag, which emitted K-alpha light.  $T_e$  and  $n_e$  profiles from hydrodynamic simulations were used to evaluate detailed atomic models, providing comparison between calculated and absolute time-integrated measured line profiles and continuum levels. This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by LLNL under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.

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