## Abstract Submitted for the DPP13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Discontinuous Galerkin version of PERSEUS for Studying HED plasma XUAN ZHAO, CHARLES SEYLER, JOHN GREENLY, Cornell University, YANG YANG, Michigan Technological University — The Discontinuous Galerkin(DG) version of Cornell PERSEUS [1,2] code is developed in an effort to reduce the numerical diffusivity of the existing Finite Volume(FV) version of PERSEUS code. A Positivity- Preserving limiter [3] is used instead of TVD limiter to maintain a second order accuracy at smooth extrema. A Structure-Preserving limiter [4] is used when  $\nabla \cdot B = 0$  needs to be enforced. The code is tested on several MHD benchmark problems with both resistive MHD and extended-MHD models. The simulation results of compressible magnetic reconnection problem are presented here as an example. Since DG-PERSEUS is better for simulating shocks with less numerical diffusivity, we applied the code for studying the difference between the structures of a shock formed by a super-Alfvenic-supersonic flow and that formed by a sub-Alfvenic-supersonic flow, so that one can tell whether the outflow is super-Alfvenic in a magnetic reconnection experiment. The code is parallelized with MPI, we expect a higher parallel efficiency, since the only information needed to be passed between computation units is the flux through boundary, which is less than the passed information in the FV case.

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