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**Recycling Reduction and Density Control with Lithium Injection** in **DIII-D<sup>1</sup>** G.L. JACKSON, C.P. CHROBAK, General Atomics, R. MAINGI, D. MANSFIELD, A. ROQUEMORE, PPPL, A.G. MCLEAN, LLNL — Lithium conditioning has been effective in tokamaks for reducing recycling and providing density control, particularly in NSTX and EAST. Since DIII-D has not injected lithium in more than a decade (and then in only very small amounts, 0.4 g total), a unique opportunity exists to extend this experience and examine the physical effects of lithium in a well-conditioned lithium-free machine. A lithium dropper, developed by PPPL, has recently been installed on DIII-D. By injecting 0.09 g of lithium we have observed reductions in recycling, density, and ELM frequency from the first discharge with significant lithium injection. Although modeling of individual 40  $\mu$ m diam. Li granules predicts virtually no penetration beyond the separatrix in auxiliary heated H-mode pulses, Li<sup>III</sup> emission was detected in the core plasma, albeit with no increase in radiated power. On subsequent discharges without injection no core Li was detected, and only  $Li^{I}$  emission was observed in the SOL and divertor regions. We will present the effects of Li on recycling, ELM frequency, and the edge pedestal, and discuss the long-term observations of lithium on plasma facing components.

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