Abstract Submitted for the DPP14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Laboratory evidence that line-tied tension forces can suppress loss-of-equilibrium flux rope eruptions in the solar corona¹ C.E. MYERS, M. YAMADA, E. BELOVA, H. JI, J. YOO, W. FOX, J. JARA-ALMONTE, L. GAO, Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory — Loss-of-equilibrium mechanisms such as the ideal torus instability [Kliem & Török, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **96**, 255002 (2006)] are predicted to drive arched flux ropes in the solar corona to erupt. In recent linetied flux rope experiments conducted in the Magnetic Reconnection Experiment (MRX), however, we find that quasi-statically driven flux ropes remain confined well beyond the predicted torus instability threshold. In order to understand this behavior, *in situ* measurements from a 300 channel 2D magnetic probe array are used to comprehensively analyze the force balance between the external (vacuum) and internal (plasma-generated) magnetic fields. We find that the line-tied tension force—a force that is not included in the basic torus instability theory—plays a major role in preventing eruptions. The dependence of this tension force on various vacuum field and flux rope parameters will be discussed.

¹This research is supported by DoE Contract Number DE-AC02-09CH11466 and by the NSF/DoE Center for Magnetic Self-Organization (CMSO).

Clayton Myers Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

Date submitted: 11 Jul 2014

Electronic form version 1.4