

Abstract Submitted
for the DPP14 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Coupling of Applied Non-axisymmetric Fields to Toroidal Torque¹

N.C. LOGAN, J.-K. PARK, J.E. MENARD, Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, E.J. STRAIT, C. PAZ-SOLDAN, M.J. LANCTOT, General Atomics — Recent advances in the modeling of neoclassical toroidal viscosity (NTV) have enabled realistic predictions of the coupling between applied non-axisymmetric fields and the resultant toroidal torque in the DIII-D tokamak. The strong dependence of the NTV on the amplified plasma kink response reduces the control of the non-resonant torque to a single mode model, in which the torque optimization is equivalent to an optimization of the net non-axisymmetric field's overlap with the spatial structure of the dominant mode. This single mode model has enabled efficient feed-forward correction of the $n = 1$ and $n = 2$ intrinsic error fields and $n = 1$ -3 proxy error fields in NTV dominated scenarios. In addition, rotation drive toward a neoclassical offset using multiple coil sets has been optimized in accordance with the single mode model. Similar linear optimization techniques could be used to design future coil sets for rotation control, while inclusion of multimodal effects will be necessary for rotation profile control.

¹Work supported by the US Department of Energy under DE-AC02-09CH11466 and DE-FC02-04ER54698.

Nicholas Logan
Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

Date submitted: 11 Jul 2014

Electronic form version 1.4