Abstract Submitted for the DPP14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Separation of Particle and Energy Transport in the H- and QHmode Pedestal<sup>1</sup> D.J. BATTAGLIA, C.S. CHANG, A. DIALLO, B.A. GRIERSON, Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, K.H. BURRELL, R.J. GROEBNER, General Atomics — Net particle transport through the H-mode pedestal is dictated by anomalous transport mechanisms; however, a significant fraction of the energy transport is governed by enhanced transport of high-energy ions on collisionless orbits. The pedestal radial electric field  $(E_r)$  is constrained to the value that balances this ion flux with a pinch of colder main ions and impurities as demonstrated using XGC0, a self-consistent full-f multi-species neoclassical calculation that includes neutral recycling and transport. These calculations resolve how edge modes can increase the anomalous particle transport with only a small effect on energy transport, the observed scaling of the height of the density pedestal with  $I_p$ , and the structure of  $E_r$  in the pedestal. Quantitative agreement between XGC0 and the unique features of QH-mode, such as  $T_i$  anisotropy, large scrape-off layer  $T_i$  and intrinsic co- $I_p$ edge rotation provide confidence that the simulation captures the kinetic effects in the pedestal that drive the neoclassical energy transport.

 $^1\mathrm{Work}$  supported in part by the US DOE under DE-AC02-09CH11466 and DE-FC02-04ER54698.

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Date submitted: 11 Jul 2014

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