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X-Ray Spectroscopy of Rapidly Heated Buried-Aluminum Layers C.R. STILLMAN, P.M. NILSON, C. MILEHAM, D.D. MEYERHOFER, D.H. FROULA, Laboratory for Laser Energetics, U. of Rochester, M.E. MARTIN, R.A. LONDON, LLNL — The thermal x-ray emission spectrum from rapidly heated solid targets containing a buried-aluminum layer was measured. The targets were driven by high-contrast 1 ω or 2 ω laser pulses at focused intensities up to 1×10^{19} W/cm². Aluminum thermal lines in the 1.5- to 2-keV spectral range were measured with timeintegrated and time-resolved spectrometers. The average plasma conditions in the buried layer were inferred by fitting x-ray spectra from a collisional-radiative atomic physics model to the measured data. The achievement of dense, high-temperature plasma conditions with an intense 2 ω drive will be discussed. This material is based upon work supported by the Department of Energy National Nuclear Security Administration under Award Number DE-NA0001944 and the Stewardship Science Graduate Fellowship Grant Number DE-NA0002135.

> C.R. Stillman Laboratory for Laser Energetics, U. of Rochester

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