Abstract Submitted for the DPP15 Meeting of The American Physical Society

A theoretical understanding of the scrape-off layer main heatflux widths multi-tokamak database for limited plasmas¹ FEDERICO HALPERN, Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL), Centre de Recherches en Physique des Plasmas (CRPP), CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland, JAN HORACEK, Institute of Plasma Physics ASCR, Prague, Czech Republic, RICHARD PITTS, ITER Organization, Route de Vinon-sur-Verdon CS 90 046, F-13067 St Paul lez Durance Cedex, France, PAOLO RICCI, Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne (EPFL), Centre de Recherches en Physique des Plasmas (CRPP), CH-1015 Lausanne, Switzerland — The Scrape-off Layer and Divertor topical group of the International Tokamak Physics Activity(ITPA) has amassed a database comprising hundreds of measurements of the main scrape-off layer (SOL) heat-flux widths in inner-wall limited discharges [1]. We have carried out an analysis of the dependence of the heat-flux widths with respect to the plasma dimensionless parameters, derived fromturbulent transport theory. Restricting our analysis to circular plasmas, we find that a model based on non-linearly saturated turbulence can reproduce the heat-flux width values found in the database with very good agreement.

 J. Horacek et al., in 42ndEPS Conference on Plasma Physics, (Lisbon, Portugal, 2015), O2.115.

¹This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium and has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 633053.

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Date submitted: 23 Jul 2015