## Abstract Submitted for the DPP15 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Initial design of a beamline for ultra-intense laser-matter interactions at the BELLA-i PW laser user facility<sup>1</sup> SVEN STEINKE, STEPAN BULANOV, QING JI, THOMAS SCHENKEL, ERIC ESAREY, WIM LEEMENS, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory — BELLA, the Berkeley Lab laser accelerator center hosts a 1 PW Ti:sapp laser with 1 Hz repetition rate, where electron acceleration to 4.5 GeV was demonstrated recently [1]. For electron acceleration, irradiances of up to  $10^{19}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> are desired and these are implemented with a long focal length laser beamline and beam spots of  $w_0 = 52 \mu m$ . Much higher irradiances of  $10^{22}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> can be achieved when the laser beam is focus more tightly, to a spot of  $w_0 < 5 \ \mu m$  in a shorter focal length beamline. A key requirement for many application of laser-matter interaction in this regime, such as laser-ion acceleration or the generation of relativistic surface high harmonics is the ultra-high intensity contrast of the laser pulse. We will describe our design for a short focal lengths beamline, BELLA-i, including multiple plasma mirrors for ultra-high contrast in the laser pulse. The resulting laser pulses will enable reliable access to many exciting aspects of high energy density laboratory physics and laser-matter interactions in the relativistic regime for a community of users.

[1] W. P. Leemans et al., PRL **113**, 245002 (2014)

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