

Abstract Submitted
for the DPP16 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Neoclassical Tearing Mode Locking Avoidance by 3D Fields and Recovery of High Confinement¹ M OKABAYASHI, B BUDNY, D BRENNAN, N FERRARO, B GRIERSON, S JARDIN, N LOGAN, R NAZIKIAN, B TOBIAS, Z WANG, PPPL, E STRAIT, J DE GRASSIE, R LA HAYE, C PAZ-SOLDAN, Z TAYLOR, GA, D SHIRAKI, ORNL, J HANSON, GA, C HOLCOMB, LLNL, Y LIU, CCFE — A slowly rotating $n=1$ helical magnetic field has been applied for Neoclassical Tearing Mode (NTM) locking avoidance in the DIII-D tokamak. This 3D field applied through feedback recovered a high performance configuration by rebuilding a H-mode edge and high ion temperature internal transport barrier in the plasma core, although, at present, the β_n was reduced by 30%. The $m/n=2/1$ component of 3D field served to avoid NTM locking, while the $m/n=1$ and the $m/n=(4-5)/1$ components recover core confinement and H-mode edge. Preliminary analysis shows a quasi-steady helical plasma flow was built up around the core, mostly parallel to the equilibrium magnetic field. The optimization of m -components with $n=1$ is a promising approach for integrating optimizations of MHD stability from core to edge.

¹Supported in part by the US DOE under DE-AC02-09CH11466, DE-FG02-99ER54531, DE-SC0003913 and DE-FC02-04ER54698.

M Okabayashi
PPPL

Date submitted: 15 Jul 2016

Electronic form version 1.4