Abstract Submitted for the DPP16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

ELM Mitigation in Low-rotation ITER Baseline Scenario Plasmas on DIII-D with Deuterium Pellet Injection<sup>1</sup> L.R. BAYLOR, ORNL — ELM mitigation using high frequency D2 pellet ELM pacing has been demonstrated in ITER baseline scenario plasmas on DIII D with low rotation obtained with low NBI input torque. The ITER burning plasmas will have relatively low input torque and are expected to have low rotation. ELM mitigation by on-demand pellet ELM triggering has not been observed before in these conditions. New experiments on DIII-D in these conditions with 90 Hz  $D_2$  pellets have shown that significant mitigation of the divertor ELM peak heat flux by a factor of 8 is possible without detrimental effects to the plasma confinement. High-Z impurity accumulation is dramatically reduced at all input torques from 0.1 to 2.5 N-m. Fueling with high field side injection of  $D_2$  pellets has been employed to demonstrate that density buildup can be obtained simultaneously with ELM mitigation. The implications are that rapid pellet injection remains a promising technique to trigger on-demand ELMs in low rotating plasmas with greatly reduced peak flux while preventing impurity accumulation in ITER.

<sup>1</sup>Supported by the US DOE under DE-AC05-00OR22725, DE-FC02-04ER54698.

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Date submitted: 15 Jul 2016

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