

Abstract Submitted  
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**Measurements of Heat-flux Footprints at the Inner Divertor Target of Alcator C-Mod**<sup>1</sup> J.L. TERRY, D. BRUNNER, B. LABOMBARD, MIT-PSFC — IR thermography has been used to measure the footprints of heat-flux onto the inner high-field side divertor target in C-Mod in a variety of discharge conditions. These include different magnetic-configurations (LSN, near-DN, and USN, with particular attention to near-DN configurations) and different confinement modes (I-mode, EDA H-mode, and ELM-free H-mode). Heat-fluxes and heat-flux widths during I-mode are especially of interest because of the enhanced power to the inner target that occurs in the “reversed” toroidal field condition that is favorable for I-mode. We find that under LSN conditions the footprints can be described by an “Eich-fit” function, with a characteristic length for heat-flux spreading into the SOL ( $\lambda_q$ ) and a characteristic width for heat-flux spreading along the divertor leg. We find that the minimum values of  $\lambda_q$  in I-mode are consistent with the multi-machine observations that the H-mode  $\lambda_q$  on the outer target scales inversely with  $B_{\text{pol}}$ , with  $\lambda_q$  between 1 and 2 mm over the  $0.6 < B_{\text{pol}} < 1.0\text{T}$  range. However, we also measure widths that are significantly larger, both within a single discharge and between discharges that are nominally similar. We will continue to search for “hidden” variables that might lead to the scatter of the widths above the observed minimum.

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