

Abstract Submitted
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Effect of Gyroviscosity on Tearing Modes in Tokamak Plasmas¹

RYAN WHITE, MIT Plasma Science and Fusion Center, ALAN GLASSER, Fusion Theory and Computation, Inc — We present an extension of the Glasser-Greene-Johnson equations, incorporating the Braginskii gyroviscosity. It is found that the dominant terms from the gyroviscous stress are all due to poloidal variation of the equilibrium profile, implying that these physical effects are not captured in a large-aspect-ratio (cylindrical) model. Because these purely toroidal contributions dominate, we conclude that the well-known “gyroviscous cancellation” is a higher-order effect in toroidal confinement systems. We also present preliminary numerical results showing the effect of gyroviscosity on tearing mode stability.

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Ryan White
MIT Plasma Science and Fusion Center

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