

Abstract Submitted
for the DPP19 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Non-equilibrium electron distributions driven by inverse Bremsstrahlung heating and ionization: Langdon effect revisited¹ HAI LE, MARK SHERLOCK, HOWARD SCOTT, Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab, AVRAM Milder, DUSTIN FROULA, University of Rochester Laboratory for Laser Energetics — We utilize a computational model that self-consistently combines physics of kinetic electrons and atomic processes to study time evolution of the electron distribution driven by inverse Bremsstrahlung (IB) heating and ionization. The model consists of a kinetic Vlasov- Boltzmann-Fokker-Planck equation for free electrons and a non-Maxwellian collisional-radiative model for atomic state populations. The influence of atomic kinetics on inverse Bremsstrahlung (IB) heating is examined in detail. We show that atomic kinetics affects non-linear IB absorption rates by further modifying the electron distribution in addition to laser heating. Comparisons with experimental data from a laser-produced plasma experiment will be shown.

¹This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344.

Hai Le
Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab

Date submitted: 01 Jul 2019

Electronic form version 1.4