

Abstract Submitted
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I-Mode Exhaust Experiments on ASDEX Upgrade¹ M.L. REINKE, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, T. HAPPEL, Max-Planck-Institut für Plasmaphysik, A. HUBBARD, MIT Plasma Science and Fusion Center, D. BRIDA, M. FATISCH, Max-Planck-Institut für Plasmaphysik, L. GIL, Instituto de Plasmas e Fusão Nuclear, Instituto Superior Técnico, O. GROVER, Institute of Plasma Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, W. MCCARTHY, MIT Plasma Science and Fusion Center, A. MERLE, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Swiss Plasma Center, D. SILVANGNI, Physik-Department E28, Technische Universität München, E. TRIER, Max-Planck-Institut für Plasmaphysik, E. VIEZZER, Dept. of Atomic, Molecular and Nuclear Physics, ASDEX UPGRADE TEAM², EUROFUSION MST1 TEAM³ — Experiments conducted on ASDEX Upgrade (AUG) investigating the compatibility of dissipative divertors with high performance I-modes show plasmas exhibit a prompt, I/L back-transition prior to significant reductions in divertor heat flux when seeding nitrogen into the private flux region. The I-mode regime is currently being explored as a candidate reactor scenario, leveraging its demonstrated access to enhanced energy confinement, $H_{98} > 1.0$, while maintaining L-mode-like impurity confinement and avoiding large ELMs. Recently published attempts to integrate I-mode with detached divertor operation on Alcator C-Mod are introduced to give context to new AUG experiments at 1.0 MA, 2.5 T, with densities of $4\text{-}5 \times 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$. In AUG, ECH heating of ~ 2.2 MW is used to enter into a stationary I-mode, reaching pedestal-top $T_e \sim 900$ eV. Private flux N_2 seeding at rate necessary to cause reductions in divertor heat flux, $3.0\text{-}6.0 \times 10^{21}$ el/s, results in an I/L back-transition within 1-2

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