## Abstract Submitted for the DPP19 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Instabilities of a relativistic electron beam in the Earth's magnetosphere<sup>1</sup> SIERRA JUBIN, ANDREW POWIS, Princeton University and Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, DANIEL BAVER, Rutgers University and Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, IGOR KAGANOVICH, Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory — A relativistic electron beam emitted from an orbiting satellite along the Earth's magnetic field lines may be used for mapping of magnetic field lines [1,2]. Previous work has shown that the impact location of such a beam will shift hundreds of kilometers during different phases of a magnetospheric storm, and this impact will be detectable by ground stations provided that instabilities do not cause the beam to spread [2]. In this work we investigate the interaction of a relativistic electron beam pulse with the magnetospheric and ionospheric background plasma through which it propagates using particle-in-cell simulations. We analyze the influence of a variety of instabilities on beam scattering in the background plasma, examining whether or not the instabilities will have deleterious effects on the proposed scheme of magnetic field mapping.

- 1.Ennio R. Sanchez *et al.* 2019, Particle beams as a resource to solve outstanding problems in space physics, submitted for publication in *Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences*.
- 2. Andrew T. Powis *et al.* 2019, Evolution of a relativistic electron beam for tracing magnetospheric field lines, submitted for publication in *Frontiers in Astronomy and Space Sciences*.

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Sierra Jubin Princeton University

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