Abstract Submitted for the DPP19 Meeting of The American Physical Society

First results from the Lithium Tokamak Experiment - β^1 R. MA-JESKI, R. E. BELL, D. P. BOYLE, P. E. HUGHES, T. KOZUB, A. LEVINESS, E. MERINO, X. ZHANG, PPPL, J. K. ANDERSON, W. CAPECCHI, U. Wis., P. BEIERSDORFER, M. A. DORF, F. SCOTTI, V. A. SOUKHANOVSKII, LLNL, T. BIEWER, D. B. ELLIOTT, ORNL, D. DONOVAN, R. KAITA, A. MAAN, U. Tenn., C. HANSEN, U. Wash., B. KOEL, Princeton U., S. KUBOTA, T. RHODES, UCLA, L. E. ZAKHAROV, LiWFusion — $LTX\beta$, the upgrade to the Lithium Tokamak Experiment, has operated with full lithium coating of the plasma-facing surfaces, at increased toroidal field of 0.3 T. Plasma current has so far been limited to 100 kA. The upgrade includes a neutral beam injector provided by Tri-Alpha Energy Technologies - 600 kW of beam power has been injected so far. Up to 60% of the injected power is deposited in the plasma, in agreement with NUBEAM modeling. Significant beam fueling is observed under some conditions. New insertable lithium evaporators have been installed on $LTX\beta$, which provide full wall coatings, with a 10-15 minute evaporation cycle. $LTX\beta$ retains the same plasma geometry, and the heated high-Z liner featured in LTX. Upgrades to the diagnostic set include active CHERs. New Lyman- α arrays will permit a determination of energy confinement time as a function of recycling. Here we will discuss first results from $LTX\beta$, as well as the research goals.

¹This work supported by US DOE contracts DE-AC02-09CH11466, DE-AC05-00OR22725 and DE-AC52-07NA27344.

Dick Majeski PPPL

Date submitted: 03 Jul 2019

Electronic form version 1.4