Abstract Submitted for the DPP20 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Low-converge ratio high-yield and large-scale implosions via high \mathbf{R} + radiation trapping using Mo doped Be ablators (PSS)¹ DARWIN HO, STEVE MACLAREN, Lawrence Livermore Natl Lab — Beryllium ablators with inner layer doped with increasing Mo concentration towards the center can increase R with the benefit of radiation trapping. Configurations of this type of high-R PSS implosions with acceptable RT growth were reported.1 Based on this concept, we report new developments showing promises for achieving ignition that cannot be otherwise obtained using conventional approaches. (1) High-R and slow disassembly of the hotspot allow the use of DT liquid foam with high gas fill $(1.5 \ 2.0 \ \text{mg/cc})$ and low-convergence ratio (; 20) implosions to deliver a few MJ in 2D. (2) Large-scale capsule (1500 m) gives high yield at lower implosion velocities since R increases with scale. However, YoC is lower which is apparently caused by the higher growth factor for large scales. Methods to improve the YoC will be discussed. (3) The high-R PSS allows the use of nominal-scale Be capsule with realistic drive to achieve ignition and high-yield in 2D while configurations using conventional Be ablators cannot. 1. D. Ho et al., APS-DPP PO6.00011(2018) and BO4.00010 (2019).

 $^1\mathrm{This}$ work is performed under auspices of U.S. DOE by LLNL under contract DEAC52-07NA27344

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Date submitted: 27 Jun 2020

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