Abstract Submitted for the DPP20 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Momentum-Exchange Current Drive, Alpha Channeling, and Rotation (PhD Oral-24)¹ IAN OCHS, NATHANIEL FISCH, Princeton University — The electric field associated with a planar electrostatic wave has no average momentum, and thus as the waves damp, the momentum of the plasma has to be conserved. We examine various implications of this momentum conservation. In the planar problem, we show how wave-mediated momentum exchange between nonresonant and resonant particles can drive net currents in spite of the constraint [1]. This momentum-exchange current drive can provide a possible magnetogenesis mechanism in astrophysical settings. Adding spatial wave structure, important for application to steady-state laboratory devices, introduces new momentum terms. We discuss the implications of our results for wave-mediated perpendicular momentum transport in magnetized plasmas with hot ion gradients, drawing analogies with collisional momentum transport in rotating ExB plasmas [2-4].

1) I.E. Ochs and N.J. Fisch, Physics of Plasmas 27(6), 062109 (2020).

2) E.J. Kolmes, I.E. Ochs, M.E. Mlodik, J.M. Rax, R. Gueroult, and N.J. Fisch, Physics of Plasmas 26(8), 082309 (2020).

3) I. E. Ochs and N. J. Fisch, Physical Review Letters 121, 235002 (2018).

4) I. E. Ochs and N. J. Fisch, Physics of Plasmas 25(12), 122306 (2018).

¹This work was supported by Grant Nos. DOE DE-SC0016072 and DOE NNSA DE-NA0003871, and the DOE Computational Science Graduate Fellowship (DE-FG0297ER25308).

Ian Ochs Princeton University

Date submitted: 24 Aug 2020

Electronic form version 1.4