## Abstract Submitted for the FWS14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Introduction of a novel method for manufacturing ultrathin silicon ribbon HYUNG WOO CHOI, MOHAMMED DANYAN, DHANESH CHANDRA, GHASSAN JABBOUR¹, Univ of Nevada - Reno — We report on a new and quick (ca. 1 hour!) route for fabricating ultrathin silicon substrate directly from in-situ molten silicon by an inductor heater spin-melt based technique. Structural and compositional properties of silicon substrate indicate a pure (without SiO₂, SiC formation) and polycrystalline nature of the fabricated ribbon. Compared to conventional methods for manufacturing thin silicon substrates, including edge stabilized growth (ESG), edge-defined film-fed growth (EFG), ribbon growth on substrate (RGS), etc., our development shows significant thickness reduction. In this regard, we were able to obtain unprecedented 20  $\mu$ m thick samples, without any supporting carrier. We anticipate our high-speed low cost fabrication approach of silicon substrates to have a great potential in photovoltaic and semiconductor industry.

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