

Abstract Submitted
for the GEC05 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Plasma CVD of a-C:F Films Using C₈F₁₈ and Characterization of their Properties YOSUKE SAKAI, SHOTA TAZAWA, YOSHIYUKI SUDA, HIROTAKE SUGAWARA, Hokkaido University — We have composed low-*k* amorphous fluorocarbon (a-C:F) dielectric films on the surface of spherical Al electrodes using a C₈F₁₈ plasma CVD for development of a composite insulation system. The relative dielectric constant *k* of the a-C:F films was less than 2.5. An a-C:F film of the thickness of 1 μm on the electrode enhanced the insulation tolerance of sphere-to-sphere electrodes systems in Ar, N₂ and He about 700 V around the *pd* values of their Paschen minima. The C₈F₁₈ plasma was analyzed with optical emission spectroscopy and mass spectrometry. It was found that CF₃ was one of the major fragment species derived from C₈F₁₈. The intensity of the CF₃ appearance was 6–10 times as much as that of CF₂, which was considered to be a primary precursor of a-C:F. In addition, C₂F₄ (= 100), C₂F₅ (= 119), C₃F₅ (= 131), C₃F₇ (= 169) and C₄F₇ (= 181) were detected by the mass spectrometry done in a molecular weight range ≤ 200. An FT-IR measurement showed that =CF₂ bonds more than ≡CF bonds were involved in the deposited a-C:F films. The F/C ratio measured by an XPS observation was 1.4–1.5, and this ratio seemed independent of the CVD condition in the range of the C₈F₁₈ pressure of 0.2–0.4 Torr and the input power of 80–100 W. The deposition rate was over 300 nm/min. This work was in part supported by a Grant-in-Aid of JSPS.

Yosuke Sakai
Hokkaido University

Date submitted: 13 Jun 2005

Electronic form version 1.4