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**Etching of high- $k$  and metal gate materials in high-density chlorine-containing plasmas** KOUICHI ONO, KEISUKE NAKAMURA, KAZUSHI OSARI, TOMOHIKO KITAGAWA, KAZUO TAKAHASHI, Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Kyoto University, Japan, KYOTO UNIVERSITY TEAM — Plasma etching of high dielectric constant ( $k$ ) films and metal electrodes is indispensable for the fabrication of high- $k$  gate stacks. This paper presents the etching characteristics of high- $k$  materials of HfO<sub>2</sub> and metals of Pt and TaN using high-density chlorine-containing plasmas, along with the plasma and surface diagnostics concerned. Attention was focused on etch chemistries and plasma conditions to achieve a high etch selectivity of  $\gg 1$  for HfO<sub>2</sub> over the underlying Si and SiO<sub>2</sub>; regarding Pt and TaN, the emphasis was placed on the etch anisotropy and selectivity of metal electrodes over the underlying HfO<sub>2</sub> and overlying SiO<sub>2</sub>. The etching of HfO<sub>2</sub> was performed in BCl<sub>3</sub> without rf biasing, giving an etch rate of about 5 nm/min with a high selectivity of  $>10$  over Si and SiO<sub>2</sub>. At lower pressures, the deposition of BCl <sub>$x$</sub>  was found to occur on all the surfaces of interest; however, on HfO<sub>2</sub> surfaces, the deposition followed the etching during a few tens of seconds. The etching of Pt and TaN was performed with high and low rf biasing, respectively, giving a Pt etch rate of about several tens nm/min and a TaN etch rate of about 200 nm/min, with a high selectivity of  $>8$  over HfO<sub>2</sub> and SiO<sub>2</sub> in Ar/O<sub>2</sub> for Pt and in Ar/Cl<sub>2</sub> for TaN. The etched profiles were outwardly tapered for Pt, while the TaN profiles were found to be almost anisotropic.

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