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**Behavior of Excited Oxygen Atoms in Rare gas mixture O<sub>2</sub> Surface Wave Excited Plasma** KEIGO TAKEDA, SEIGO TAKASHIMA, MASARU HORI, Nagoya University — Excited oxygen atom (O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>)) has attracted very much on the oxygen-based plasma processes, such as plasma oxidation, surface cleaning, resist ashing, etc. Since it is supposed that the O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom is the most reactive species in all species in the oxygen-based plasma. Therefore, it is strongly required to investigate the behaviors of O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom in the oxygen-based plasmas, the quantitative information of O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom have never been clear, because the convenient light sources for absorption spectroscopic techniques of O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atoms have not developed. The vacuum ultraviolet laser absorption spectroscopy (VUVLAS) has a great potential to measure the atomic radicals in the process plasmas. Therefore, in this study, we have measured the absolute density of O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom in the rare gas mixture O<sub>2</sub> surface wave excited oxygen plasma (SWP) by using VUVLAS with tunable VUV laser. The absolute densities of O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom in the O<sub>2</sub>/Ar and O<sub>2</sub>/Kr SWPs were evaluated as a function of various plasma conditions. From these results, the O<sub>2</sub>/Ar SWP has a potential to realize the high O(<sup>1</sup>D<sub>2</sub>) atom density compared with the O<sub>2</sub>/Kr SWP and the density in the O<sub>2</sub>/Ar SWP was the maximum around  $2 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-3}$  at the high Ar flow rate ratio and low pressure.

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