

Abstract Submitted
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Dynamics of Ar* metastables atoms in dust free and dusty argon plasmas¹ ILIJA STEFANOVIC, Ruhr-Universitaet, Bochum, Germany, BRANKICA SIKIMIC, Ruhr-Universitaet, Bochum, Germany, NADER SADEGHI, Univ. Grenoble-CNRS, France, JOERG WINTER, Ruhr-Universitaet, Bochum, Germany, EXP. PHYS. II TEAM, UNIV. GRENOBLE-CNRS TEAM — Generation of nano-sized hydrocarbon particles through RF plasma polymerization of Ar diluted C₂H₂ could be suppressed or enhanced by proper plasma-pulsing, depending upon the pulsing frequency. Thus, the processes in afterglow play important role for dust generation. We applied Laser Absorption Spectroscopy to trace the time evolution of metastable density in different gas mixtures: pure Ar, Ar/ C₂H₂, Ar/C₂H₂/dust and Ar/dust. By introducing C₂H₂ in argon plasma, a very fast decay of metastables in the afterglow was detected, caused by a strong quenching rate in Ar* - C₂H₂ collisions. From the decay time we deduced that about 98% of C₂H₂ was dissociated in the plasma. After formation of the dust particles, the metastable density enhanced and reached the ten time larger density in argon/dust mixture, for the same pressure and input power. The reason is the formation of dusts, which give the additional source of particle losses. These losses are compensated by increasing the electron temperature, thus the ionization rate.

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Ilija Stefanovic
Ruhr-Universitaet, 44780 Bochum, Germany

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