

Abstract Submitted
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Comparison of ion-molecule reactions in cyclohexane, methylcyclohexane and ethylcyclohexane¹ CHARLES JIAO, UES, STEVEN ADAMS, Air Force Research Laboratory — Cyclohexanes including cyclohexane (C₆H₁₂), methylcyclohexane (C₇H₁₄) and ethylcyclohexane (C₈H₁₆) are significant components of many practical fuels. C₆H₁₂ and C₇H₁₄ have been chosen as representative cycloalkanes in several proposed surrogate mixtures for jet fuels. In this study, the gas-phase ion-molecule reactions in these three cyclohexanes are examined, and comparison of the reaction channels in each of the cyclohexanes are made. A variety of reaction channels has been observed, which include charge transfer, H⁻ transfer, H₂⁻ transfer, H₃⁻ transfer, hydrocarbon anion transfer, and association with concerted fragmentation. Among these channels, H⁻ transfer is the most prevalent in the three cyclohexanes and, for many reactant ions, is the exclusive channel. Also observed is that H₃⁻ transfer occurs only in C₆H₁₂ while C₃H₇⁻ transfer occurs only in C₈H₁₆.

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